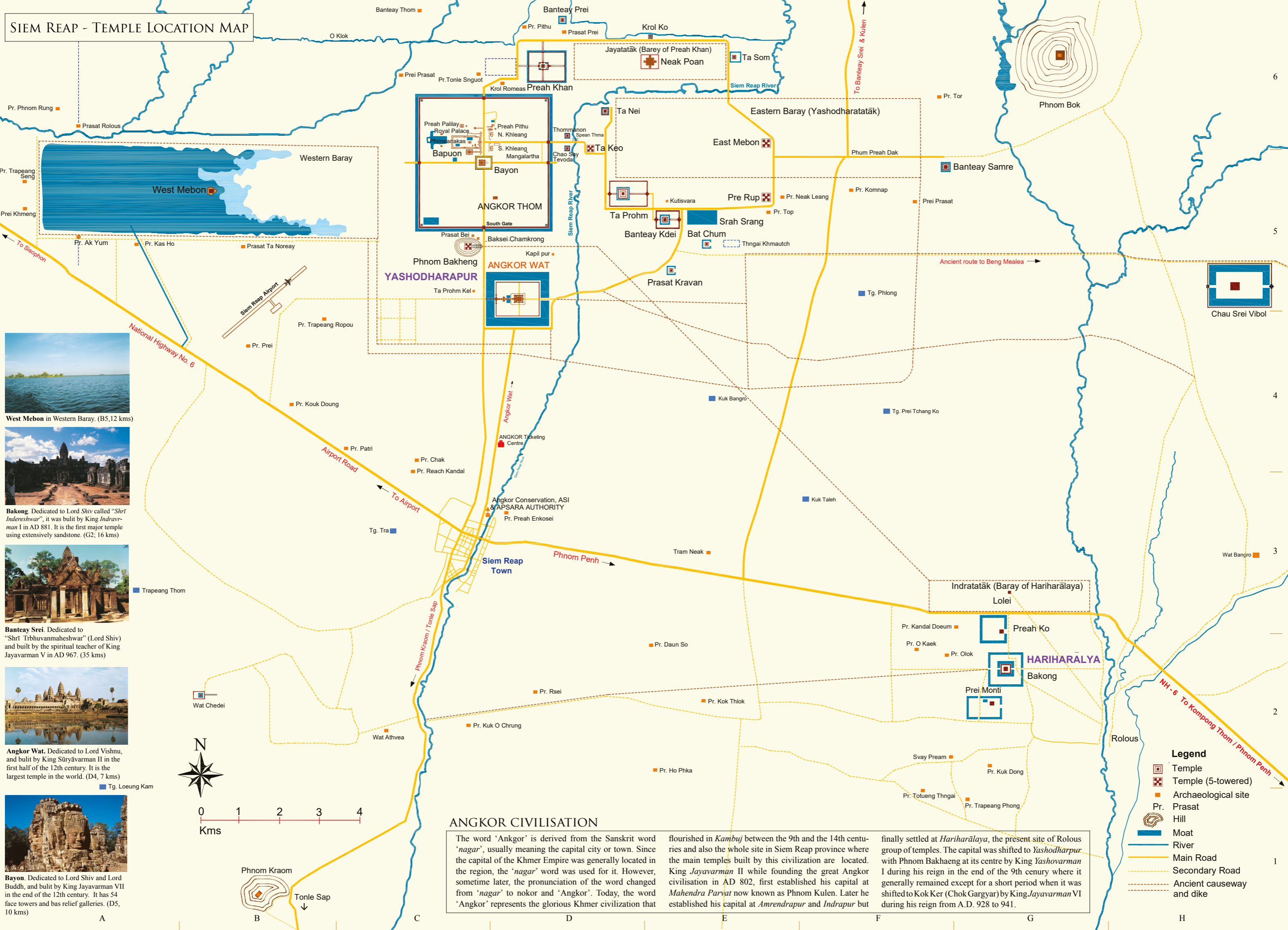


# SIEM REAP - TEMPLE LOCATION MAP



**West Mebon** in Western Baray. (B5, 12 kms)



**Bakong**. Dedicated to Lord *Shiv* called "*Shri Indreshwar*", it was built by King *Indravarman I* in AD 881. It is the first major temple using extensively sandstone. (G2, 16 kms)



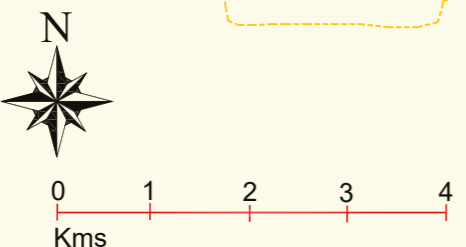
**Banteay Srei**. Dedicated to "*Shri Trbhuvanmaheshwar*" (Lord *Shiv*) and built by the spiritual teacher of King *Jayavarman V* in AD 967. (35 kms)



**Angkor Wat**. Dedicated to Lord *Vishnu*, and built by King *Suryavarman II* in the first half of the 12th century. It is the largest temple in the world. (D4, 7 kms)



**Bayon**. Dedicated to Lord *Shiv* and Lord *Buddh*, and built by King *Jayavarman VII* in the end of the 12th century. It has 54 face towers and bas relief galleries. (D5, 10 kms)



## ANGKOR CIVILISATION

The word 'Angkor' is derived from the Sanskrit word 'nagar', usually meaning the capital city or town. Since the capital of the Khmer Empire was generally located in the region, the 'nagar' word was used for it. However, sometime later, the pronunciation of the word changed from 'nagar' to nokor and 'Angkor'. Today, the word 'Angkor' represents the glorious Khmer civilization that flourished in *Kambuj* between the 9th and the 14th centuries and also the whole site in Siem Reap province where the main temples built by this civilization are located. King *Jayavarman II* while founding the great Angkor civilization in AD 802, first established his capital at *Mahendra Parvat* now known as *Phnom Kulen*. Later he established his capital at *Amrendrapur* and *Indrapur* but finally settled at *Hariharalaya*, the present site of Rolous group of temples. The capital was shifted to *Yashodharapur* with *Phnom Bakhaeng* at its centre by King *Yashovarman I* during his reign in the end of the 9th century where it generally remained except for a short period when it was shifted to *Kok Ker* (*Chok Gargyar*) by King *Jayavarman VI* during his reign from A.D. 928 to 941.

- Legend**
- Temple
  - + Temple (5-towered)
  - Archaeological site
  - Pr. Prasat
  - Hill
  - Moat
  - River
  - Main Road
  - Secondary Road
  - Ancient causeway and dike